

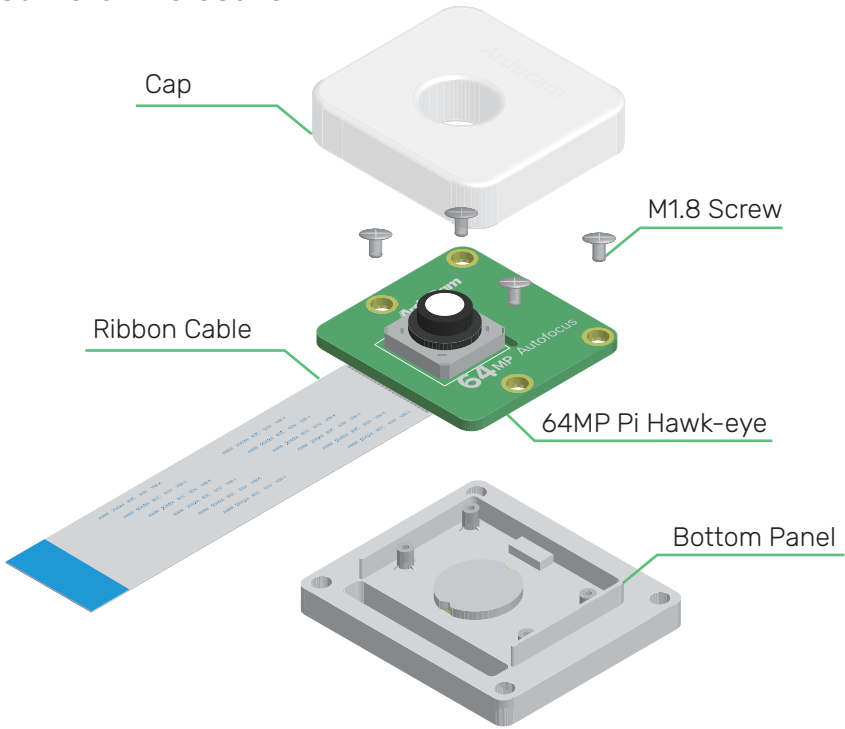
# 64-Megapixel Autofocus Camera for Raspberry Pi Getting Started

Operating instructions,  
safety information, etc.

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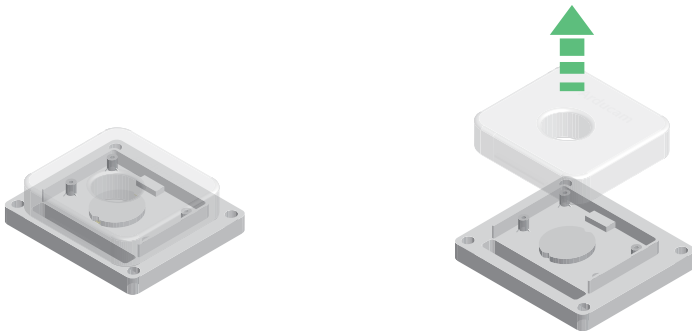
# Installation

## Camera Enclosure



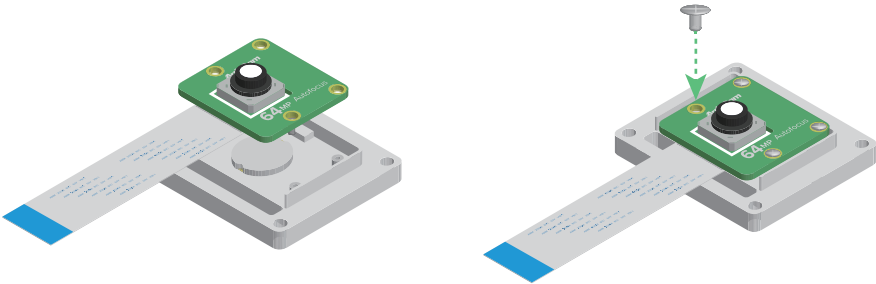
## To fit a camera board (64MP Autofocus Camera for Raspberry Pi)

1. Pull the cap up.

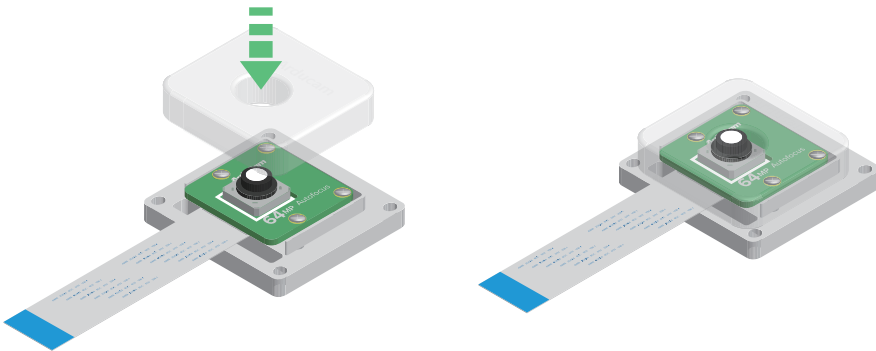


# Installation

2. Put the module into the bottom panel and install the screws.

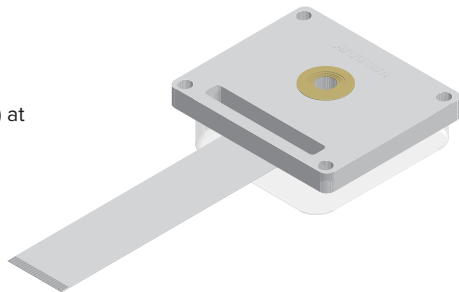


3. Put the cap back.



## Tripod Mount

- ▶ There's a standard tripod mount (1/4"-20) at the back of the enclosure, you can use it with all sorts of tripods.



# Operating The Camera

Make sure you are running a newer version of Raspberry Pi OS, a fresh install is highly recommended. (01/28/22 or later releases)

## Driver Installation

1. Download the shell scripts

```
wget -O install_pivariety_pkgs.sh https://github.com/ArduCAM/Arducam-Pivariety-V4L2-Driver/releases/download/install_script/install_pivariety_pkgs.sh
```

```
chmod +x install_pivariety_pkgs.sh
```

2. Install libcamra-dev

```
./install_pivariety_pkgs.sh -p libcamera_dev
```

3. Install libcamera-apps

```
./install_pivariety_pkgs.sh -p libcamera_apps
```

4. Install the kernel driver

```
./install_pivariety_pkgs.sh -p 64mp_pi_hawk_eye_kernel_driver
```

5. Configuration

Open `/boot/config.txt`, under `[all]`, add the following line:

```
dtoverlay=vc4-kms-v3d,cma-512
```

### Example:

```
[all]
# Run as fast as firmware / board allows
arm_boost=1
dtoverlay=vc4-kms-v3d,cma-512
```

### For Pi 0 ~ 3 users, pls also:

1. Open a terminal
2. Run `sudo raspi-config`
3. Navigate to Advanced Options
4. Enable Glamor graphic acceleration
5. Go back to Advanced Options
6. Navigate to GL Driver
7. Select GL (Full KMS)
8. Reboot your Pi

**For more details, please refer to the official forum guide on how to configure the camera module >>**



# Operating The Camera

## For Raspberry Pi Compute Module 3/4

You need to install the latest Raspberry Pi OS (after 2022/01/28), and do not execute `rpi-update`. After installing the system and drivers (follow the above instructions), add the following information to `/boot/config.txt`:

```
[cm4]
dtoverlay=arducam_64mp
dtoverlay=arducam_64mp,cam0
```

Then reboot.

List all cameras:

```
libcamera-still -list-cameras
```

Specify a camera:

```
libcamera-still -t 0 -camera 0
libcamera-still -t 0 -camera 1
```

## Quick Start

### 1. Previewing the camera

```
libcamera-still -t 0 --viewfinder-width 2312 --viewfinder-height 1736
```

`--viewfinder-width`

Set the width of the preview resolution.

`--viewfinder-height`

Set the height of the preview resolution.

We've done numerous tests to find out that the most-balanced preview resolution for this camera sits at 2312 x 1736. (pretty decent quality with best performance)

If you are using Pi Hawk-eye with older Pi models, pls set the resolution to 16MP (superpixel mode):

`--width 4624`

Set the width of the capture.

`--height 3472`

Set the height of the capture.

```
libcamera-still -t 5000 --viewfinder-width 2312 --viewfinder-height 1736 --width 4624
--height 3472 -o 64mp.jpg --autofocus
```

### 2. Taking a picture with autofocus enabled

```
libcamera-still -t 5000 --viewfinder-width 2312 --viewfinder-height 1736 -o pi_hawk_eye.jpg
--autofocus --denoise cdn_off
```

To take full-res photos without overwrite, use:

```
libcamera-still --autofocus --timestamp
```

# Operating The Camera

## 3. Focus Control/Adjustment

```
git clone https://github.com/ArduCAM/Arducam-Pivariety-V4L2-Driver.git
cd Arducam-Pivariety-V4L2-Driver/focus
python3 FocuserExample.py -d /dev/v4l-subdev1
```

Press the Up/Down Arrow for focus adjustment, press “ctrl + c” to save, or “r” to reset.

## 4. Step Adjustments

```
python3 FocuserExample.py -d /dev/v4l-subdev1 --focus-step 10
```

While you are trying manual focus control, you can use **--focus-step [number]** to configure how many steps the motor in the lens should move when the Up/Down key is pressed. By default, it's set to 50, and you can change it to any value between 1 ~ 1023.

## 5. Digital Zoom

Use **-k** to enable digital zoom.

```
libcamera-still -t 0 --viewfinder-width 2312 --viewfinder-height 1736 -k
```

When the preview window pops up, navigate back to the terminal and press the following keys on your keyboard:

W: Zoom in  
S: Zoom out  
I: Move upward  
K: Move downward  
J: Move left  
L: Move right  
R: Reset  
M: 10x Zoom

## Continuous Autofocus

**Note: This is a beta version, and we are still making improvements.**

You can enable Continuous Autofocus simply by adding **--continue-autofocus**

### Example:

```
libcamera-still -t 0 --viewfinder-width 2312 --viewfinder-height 1736 --continue-autofocus
```

# Instructions for Safe Use

## To properly use the 64MP Autofocus Camera, kindly note:

- Before connecting, you should always power the Raspberry Pi off and remove the power supply first.
- Make sure the cable on the camera board is locked in place.
- Make sure the cable is correctly inserted in the Raspberry Pi board's MIPI CSI-2 connector.
- Avoid high temperatures.
- Avoid water, moisture, or conductive surfaces while in operation.
- Avoid folding, or straining the flex cable.
- Avoid cross-threading with tripods.
- Gently push/pull the connector to avoid damaging the printed circuit board.
- Avoid moving or handling the printed circuit board excessively while it's in operation.
- Handle by the edges to avoid damages from electrostatic discharge.
- Where the camera board is stored should be cool and as dry as possible.
- Sudden temperature/humidity changes can cause dampness in the lens and affect the image/video quality.

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